Name:

## College Algebra (Math 1023) Practice Final Exam

Professor Paul Bailey April 25, 2005

The final examination will be held on Thursday, May 14, at 3 pm. It will contain fifty problems with short answers. You will have two hours to complete the final exam.

This is a practice final. Try to time yourself when you first take it. Bring any questions to the attention of the class.

**Problem 1.** The slope of a line between the points (3, -1) and (7, 4) is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 2.** Let  $H(x) = 5^x$ . Find H(-3) and simplify: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 3.** Let f(x) = -2x + 7 and g(x) = ax + b. Find  $(f \circ g)(x)$  and simplify: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 4.** Let  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$ . Find  $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$  and simplify: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 5.** Let  $f(x) = x^4 - 6x^2 + 9$ . Find all values of x for which f is increasing.

Use interval notation: \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 6.** Find an equation of a line perpendicular to 3x + 5y = 15 and passing through (-1, 3).

Write your answer in function form: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 7.** The solution set of the equation |x| = x is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 8.** Let  $f(x) = x^4 - 5x^3 + 2x^2 - 7x - 9$  and g(x) = (x - 5).

Find the remainder when f(x) is divided by g(x): \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 9.** Solve  $\frac{5x-5}{x+2} \ge 0$ . Express the solution set in interval notation: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 10.** Solve the system for x.

$$2x + 4y + z = 1$$
$$x - 2y - 3z = 2$$
$$x + y - z = -1$$

 $x = \_$ \_\_\_\_.

Problem 11. Using 180 feet of fence, you build a rectangular pen which is twice as long as it is wide.
Find its area: \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 12.** Let  $g(x) = x^4 - 7x^3 + 12x^2 + 4x - 8$ . Find g(2) and use it to find a linear factor of g(x).

g(2) = \_\_\_\_\_ A linear factor of g(x) is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 13.** Let  $V(h) = \frac{4\pi}{3}(15h - 7h^2 + h^3)$ . Find  $V(\frac{1}{2})$ : \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 14.** Solve:  $x^3 - 6x^2 - 13x + 42$ . The solution set is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 15.** Let  $f(x) = e^{2-x}$ . Graph f(x).

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**Problem 16.** Solve  $\ln(2x+5) - \ln(3) = \ln(3x-1)$ . The solution set is: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 17.** Let  $f(x) = -\log_5(2x)$ . Is f(x) increasing or decreasing? \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 18.** Solve:  $x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x - 15 = 0$ . The solution set is: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 19.** Solve:  $\frac{\log x}{\log 5} = \log x - \log 5$ . The solution set is: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 20.** Solve:  $\ln(-x) \ge 0$ . The solution set is: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 21.** Let 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2 & \text{if } x < 0; \\ 2x^3 & \text{if } x \ge 0. \end{cases}$$

Evaluate  $f(5) = \_____$ .

**Problem 22.** Let  $g(x) = \frac{x^3 - 15}{x^5 + 2x + 2}$ . Does the graph of g(x) have a horizontal asymptote? \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 23.** Let  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$  be an arithmetic sequence and find the indicated quantity.

 $a_1 = 5, a_{16} = 89, s_{16} = \_$ \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 24.** Let  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$  be a geometric sequence and find the indicated quantity.

 $a_1 = 21, a_2 = 7, a_6 = \_$ \_\_\_\_\_.

Problem 25. Find the value of the infinite geometric series.

 $21 + 7 + \frac{7}{3} + \frac{7}{9} + \dots =$ \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 26.** The *y*-intercept of the line going through the points (7, 2) and (5, 4) is \_\_\_\_\_.

Problem 27. Solve the system of linear equations.

2x + 3y = -3-x + 6y = 5

 $(x,y) = \underline{\qquad}.$ 

**Problem 28.** Solve: 4(x+2) - 5(x-3) > 5. Express the solution set in interval notation:

**Problem 29.** Solve:  $x^2 + 3x - 18 < 0$ . Express the solution set in interval notation: \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 30.** The graph of the function  $f(x) = x^5 + 2x$  is symmetric about

- (a) the x-axis;
- (b) the y-axis;
- (c) the origin;
- (d) none of the above.

**Problem 31.** Let  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x + 6}$ . Find the domain of f: \_\_\_\_\_.

Problem 32. Find a polynomial of minimal degree with real coefficients with zeros 3 and 2i.

Express f(x) in standard form: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 33.** Let  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$  be an arithmetic sequence, and find the indicated quantity.

 $a_1 = 5, d = \frac{2}{3}, a_{50} = \_$ \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 34.** If  $\log_b(81) = L$ , then  $\log_b(\frac{1}{3}) =$ \_\_\_\_\_.

Problem 35. You invest two thousand dollars at six percent annual interest compounded monthly.

At the end of five years your investment will be worth: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 36.** Evaluate:  $\log_7 311 =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

Problem 37. A certain element decays with a half-life of 54 years. If you are given 40 grams of this element, how much will you have in 12 years?

**Problem 38.** Evaluate:  $\sum_{n=3}^{5} (3n^2 - 2n) =$ \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 39.** Solve:  $5^{2x+3} = \frac{1}{25}$ . The solution set is: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 40.** Find the equation of the line through (4,3) with slope  $m = -\frac{1}{3}$ : \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 41.** Solve: |ax + b| = |cx + d|. The solution set is: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 42.** Solve:  $\left|\frac{3x-2}{4}\right| \leq 7$ . The solution set is: \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 43.** Find a cubic polynomial f(x) is zeros -1, 2, and 5, such that f(3) = 4.

**Problem 44.** Solve the system of equations for *y*.

$$4x - 2y = -3$$
$$-x + 3y = 5$$

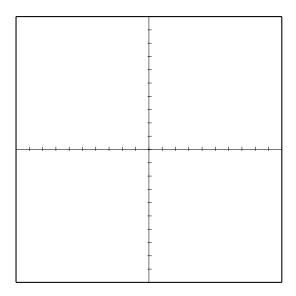
y =\_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 45.** Find the vertical asymptote of  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 1}{3x + 5}$ : \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 46.** Let f(x) = 3x + 2 and  $g(x) = x^2 - 5$ . Find  $(f \circ g)(x)$ : \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 47.** Let f(x) = 3x + 2. Find  $f^{-1}(x)$ : \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 48.** Graph  $g(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2 - 9}$  and label all intercepts and asymptotes.



**Problem 49.** Let  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \ldots$  be a geometric sequence. Find the indicated quantity.

 $a_1 = 4, a_8 = 284, r =$ \_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 50.** Let  $h(x) = x^{17} + 8$ . Find the remainder when h(x) is divided by (x + 1): \_\_\_\_\_.